Uncertainty for uncertain times

Adapting RNG to broaden appeal and improve accessibility





Prologue

God is dead and we have video games

Who am I?

- I'm William 🙂
- I've been working in games for 11 years, including 9 as an <u>AI & system designer</u> on titles like *Endless Legend*, *Endless Space 2*, *Humankind*...
- ... and Solium Infernum, OpenCritic's top-rated Australian game of 2024
- I'm now working as a technical designer on Winnie's Hole...
- ... and doing some <u>design consulting</u> for Amplitude Studios and Studio Imugi.



This is fine

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— QF appeal of strategy

This is fine

- Interest in "strategy" has decreased for a decade, according to Quantic Foundry. But is this...
 - ... presented in a **misleading** way?
 - ... just part of **<u>20-year cycle</u>**?
 - ... <u>the economy</u>, stupid?
 - ... consistent with <u>sales data</u>?
 - ... a cause for moral panic?
- The original graph resonates because it taps into a foundational myth: The Fall!
- Games tap into it too: they promise an <u>escape from alienation</u> and a <u>return to</u> <u>Eden</u> in uncertain times like these.



This is finding Eden

- <u>Times are even harder</u> for players than for developers: it's more vital than ever to <u>excise unnecessary friction</u> from our games.
- Of particular interest today: how <u>randomised systems can cause friction</u>, and what to do about it.

E.g. every *"shuffle"* feature ever designed for a music app.

 This isn't just a UX problem: the best UX in the world can't fix an inherently frustrating system!





Chapter I

The temptation of RNJesus

What is Solium Infernum?

- The original *Solium Infernum* (OSI), released in 2009, was a <u>beautiful but</u> <u>very niche</u> play-by-email strategy game.
- It was <u>infamous for the capriciousness</u> of its randomised systems: these helped sell its Kafkaesque vision of Hell.
- Our remake released in February 2024 to <u>universal critical acclaim</u>.
- Today I'll share the <u>situational</u>
 <u>approach to uncertainty</u> that we used
 to adapt OSI to a broader audience,
 without compromising its aesthetic.



Situational Game Design

- A game situation is <u>a moment of agency</u> →
- Game situations can be <u>scripted by</u>
 <u>hand</u>, but more often we design them only indirectly, by crafting the systems that will <u>generate them on the fly</u>.
- Not all situations were created equal.
 Upton's book contains a list of heuristics to help <u>weed out the bad ones</u>:

Choice – Variety – Consequence – Predictability – Uncertainty – Satisfaction

We'll be focusing on <u>uncertainty</u> today.



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 - Longer plans mean <u>more labour</u> before we find out if we were right.
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 - And a perceived need to think too far ahead can lead to **analysis paralysis**.
- But too much uncertainty <u>makes</u>
 <u>planning pointless</u>.



Uncertainty – Legion combat / Duels

- In the original *Solium*, legion combat and duels both involved <u>a lot of dice rolls</u>...
- ... but the game is "We-Go", like Diplomacy, so your actions <u>can be</u> <u>interrupted</u> in any number of ways!
- For the remake we <u>extirpated the RNG</u> from these systems, and others: we felt there was enough uncertainty already.
- Does your system *need* RNG? Before *"sprinkling it on top"*, it's worth
 <u>considering what forms of uncertainty</u> are already present: is there enough?





Chapter II

The Monty Hall of mirrors

Stochastic variables

 A "stochastic variable" is <u>a quantity or</u> <u>object that depends on RNG</u>.

E.g. the destination of *Lethal Company*'s inverse teleporter →

 A variable has a <u>"domain" of possible</u> <u>results</u> that it can return when it is "sampled".

E.g. a position on a moon, the moon itself, what's in the store, ... etc.

• Less-than-ideal situations can result from **insufficiently constrained** domains.



Mulligans

The easiest way to constrain a stochastic variable's domain is to <u>define failure</u> <u>conditions</u>.

E.g. there must be a path from a teleport destination to an exit \rightarrow

- Then, when we sample a result that *"fails"*, <u>we simply try again</u>.
- This is trivial to implement, but <u>how</u> <u>many times should we sample</u> before we accept a failed result? And what if this latest one is the worst yet?



Optimisation

- Rather than passing or failing results outright, we can **give them a score**.
- Then, after sampling a variable a set number of times, we simply <u>pick the</u> <u>best result we've seen so far</u>.
- We can also define rules for <u>locally</u>
 <u>tweaking samples</u> to improve scores.

E.g. *Endless Legend* modifies the terrain around player start locations to meet yield quotas \rightarrow



Invariants

 Ideally, you want to <u>avoid the need to</u> <u>reroll in the first place</u> by imposing constraints from the beginning:

> E.g. in *Winnie's Hole* we exclude mutations that you can't use at all before the drawing ones for you.

 Procedural generation 101: the <u>initial</u> <u>state respects</u> all your invariants, and every <u>operation maintains</u> them.

> E.g. *Solium*'s board generator will never expand a ravine or river into contact with a previous one.



Invariants - Board generation

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Invariants - Board generation

- The original *Solium* would sometimes spawn players in impossible situations.
- The remake's invariants guarantee...
 - ... that the map is **always navigable**.
 - ... <u>low-hanging fruit</u> near each player's starting location.
 - ... <u>an equal total count</u> of weak and strong *Places of Power*.
 - ... a minimum <u>number of access</u>
 <u>paths</u> to each *Place of Power*.



Invariants - Event draw

- In *Solium Infernum* players are regularly given *"events"* to play at their discretion.
- As developers, we **don't** want...
 - ... the same event to <u>come up too</u> <u>many times</u> per match.
 - ... highly disruptive events to occur too early and <u>stall the game</u>.
- So we <u>draw without replacement</u> and <u>hold back some events</u> from the draw for the first few turns.



Invariants - Bazaar quotas

- Solium's military units come from the Bazaar, which is <u>restocked by sampling</u> <u>a stochastic variable</u>.
- At first the draw was *entirely* random, but this would *invariably lead to a shop* <u>with nothing affordable</u> in it.
- We solved this problem by <u>reserving</u> <u>slots</u> in each category for items matching very specific criteria.
- If bad draws are *possible*, some players will have a bad time: <u>don't make it</u> <u>unlikely if it should be impossible</u>!





Chapter III

A mind made for Eden

Audience participation – Round 1

Let's say I'm <u>flipping a coin 3 times</u>. Which result is more likely to occur?

Heads, Heads, Heads (HHH)?



- or Heads, Heads, Tails (HHT)?





Audience participation – Round 2

Let's say I'm <u>flipping a coin 3 times</u>. Which result is more likely to occur at least once?

Heads, Heads (HH)?



 $\rightarrow 3/8$ = 37.5%

- or Heads, Tails (HT)?



→ 4/8 **= 50%**



Sequence-subsequence model

- Hahn & Warren 2009 suggests that our cognitive bias towards alternation is adaptive, given the finite nature of our memory, attention and lifespan.
- As they put it, given <u>finite sampling</u> "(...) key aspects of laypeople's supposed misperceptions of randomness actually have probabilistic support".
- In game terms: if DPS is the same in both cases, it is *rational* to choose consistent damage over a high critical hit chance, because you're only going to attack a finite number of times ^(C)



Without replacement

- Indeed, the *fewer* times you're sampling, the more similar the results of <u>sampling</u> <u>with and without replacement</u> become.
- Understanding stochastic variables as <u>finite-sized "bags"</u> of possible results is thus a fair approximation... for mortals.
- How finite? Well, most people can remember <u>between 5 and 9</u> entirely unrelated "chunks" of information.
- This suggests that the <u>finest unit of</u> <u>probability</u> players will *"grock"* intuitively is well above 1% →



Without replacement – Ritual resistance

- To avoid disappointment, Solium <u>hides</u>
 <u>the exact probabilities</u>, and uses
 <u>pessimistic wording</u> for its predictions.
- We are also careful to <u>frame a "miss"</u> <u>as a successful resistance</u>, not a "failed attempt", to empower both sides.
- Rituals are <u>still a source of frustration</u> for players though, given all the <u>hidden</u> <u>information</u>. If I did it all again I'd...
 - ... draw **without replacement**, or...
 - ... <u>eliminate RNG</u> entirely!



Without replacement – tribute generation

- There are 4 resources in *Solium*, drawn at random: testers would get <u>frustrated</u>
 <u>waiting</u> the type they needed.
- Drawing types without replacement had a huge impact, but nobody could identify what we'd changed.
- We don't expect players to hear ultrasounds or to see ultraviolent light, but there is a <u>visible spectrum of</u> <u>entropy too</u>.
- Lowering the entropy of your variables will <u>improve accessibility</u>.



Without replacement – Caveats

- We originally biased *Manuscript* draws <u>towards completing sets</u> the player had started to collect...
- ... which assumes the player *wants* to complete these partial sets: <u>they may</u>
 <u>want something new</u>!
- Storing decks of tribute and manuscript types <u>inflated the size of our saves</u>: this matters when you're paying to maintain the game's network infrastructure.





Epilogue

Edenic game design

Take-aways

- In trying times, we must take particular care to banish inferior **game situations**.
- <u>Uncertainty</u> can lead to *grind* or *buttonmashing* if dosed incorrectly.
- <u>Stochastic variables</u> are just one source of uncertainty among many.
- Designing <u>invariant properties</u> can help constrain your variables' <u>domains</u>.
- Humans tend to assume that all draws are **without replacement**.



Recommended reading

Books:

- *Dominion* Holland (2019)
- *The Aesthetic Of Play* Upton (2021)
- A theory of fun Koster (2005)

Papers:

- The Magical Number Seven, Plus or Minus Two (1956)
- Perceptions of randomness: why three heads are better than four (2009)
- Who "believes" in the Gambler's Fallacy and why? (2017)



Thank you for your time!

Questions?

HAVE DICE WILL DYCE

